Lesson one 核心词汇

1. reaction n.反应 (=response)

chain reaction 连锁反应

e.g. The fear is that this could set off a **chain reaction** in other financial market.

react v. 反应；回应（=respond)

react to sth 对...起反应

e.g. The country has been slow to **react to** the “greening” of the rest of Europe.

1. come out (在考试，竞赛中)得名次; (事实)呈现；暴露

e.g. He deservedly came out the winner on points.

**come out top** 名列前茅；拔得头筹

1. carry out 实施，执行；完成 (=implement)

carry out a promise / a task / a threat / an order/ a plan / an investigation / a survey

E.g. Extensive tests have been carried out on the patient.

1. conduct v.组织，安排；实施；执行

conduct an experiment/ an inquiry / a survey /an investigation

1. pretend v. 假装；在(游戏中)装扮；模拟
2. **pretend+ that**

e.g. We pretended that nothing had happened.

2) **pretend to do sth.**

e.g. He pretended not to notice.

e.g. She didn’t love him, though she pretended to.

1. relaxed adj. (形容人)放松的；冷静的；镇定的;

(形容地方)安静的；自在的

e.g. He appeared relaxed and confident before the match.

e.g. He had a very relaxed manner.

e.g. a family-run hotel with a relaxed atmosphere

relax v. 放松；休息；冷静；放心；松懈

e.g. Just relax and enjoy the movie.

e.g. relax!Everything will be ok.

e.g. Allow your muscles to relax completely.

1. ignore vt.忽视，不顾（=disregard=pay no attention to=take no notice of=neglect)

e.g. I made a suggestion but they chose to ignore it.

e.g. We cannot afford to ignore their advice.

1. be short of 缺少，缺乏
2. tend to 朝某方向；趋向；偏重

e.g. Women tend to live longer than men.

1. diverse adj.各不相同的(=different / distinct) (反：same/ similar)

多种多样的(several/ various)

1. access n. 通道；入径；权力；入口

have / gain / get access to 可以达到；可以使用；有接触（或进入）的机会（或权利）

e.g. Students must **have access to** good resources.

e.g. Cats should always **have access to** fresh, clean water.

1. satisfy vt. 满足（要求，需求）

e.g. The education system must **satisfy the needs of all children**.

satisfy sb. of sth. 使说服；使确信

e.g. Jaskson tried to **satisfy me of his innocence**.

satisfy oneself that 使确信

e.g. **Having satisfied herself that** no one was there, she closed the door.

1. examine v. 调查；考查；审查；检查；检验

e.g. These ideas will be examined in more detail in Chapter 10.

e.g. It is necessary to examine how the proposal can be carried out.

1. rank vt.给... 评名次；给...评级

e.g. The report ranks the UK 20th out of advanced nations.

e.g. At the height of her career she **ranked second** in the world.

1. comprise vt. 包括；由...组成(= consist of); 构成

e.g. The collection comprises 327 paintings.

be comprised of sb. / sth. 由...组成

e.g. The committee is comprised of well-known mountaineers.

e.g. The committee is comprised of representatives from both the public and private sectors.

e.g. Older people **comprise a large proportion** of those living in poverty.

1. take sth / sb. for granted 不把...当回事; 认为...理所当然
2. reduce vt. 减少；缩小；减轻

e.g. Giving up smoking **reduces the risk of** heart disease.

e.g. The number of employees was reduced from 40 to 25.

1. absent 缺席的；缺少；不存在的

e.g. Love was totally absent from his childhood.

1. fail to do 失败；未能做到；未做；未履行（某事)

e.g. She failed to get into art college.

e.g He failed to keep the appointment.

e.g. She **never fails to** email every week.

1. function v. 起作用；正常运转（=operate=work=run)

n. 功能；作用

e.g. Conservation programs cannot function without local support.

e.g. The function of the heart is to pump blood through to the body.

1. evolve v. 进化；进化形成；逐渐形成；逐步发展

e.g. The three species evolved from a single ancestor.

e.g. The school has evolved its own style of teaching.

1. migrate v. (鸟类，动物等) 随季节变化迁徙; 移居；迁徙

e.g. Most birds have to fly long distance to migrate.

e.g. Farmers have learned that they have to migrate if they want to survive.

1. mistaken adj. 错误的；不正确的；判断错误的(=misguided)

e.g. You are completely mistaken about Jane.

**misguided views/ ideas** 错误的观点/想法

mistakenly adv. 错误地

e.g.He **mistakenly** believed that his family would stand by him.

1. keen adj. 热情的；渴望的(=eager); 喜爱的；（感官）敏锐的

e.g. John was very keen to help.

e.g. Tom’s very keen on Anna.

e.g. Dogs have **a keen sense** of smell.

1. release v. 释放；公布；（化学品）释放；排放(release sth into sth)

e.g. The new trade figures have just been released.

e.g. Oil **was released into** the sea.